THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL OF TANZANIA CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION EXAMINATION

013

GEOGRAPHY

(For Both School and Private Candidates)

Time: 3 Hours Tuesday, 06th November 2018 p.m.

Instructions

- 1. This paper consists of sections A, B, C and D with a total of **twelve (12)** questions.
- 2. Answer all questions in sections A, B and C and one (1) question from each part of section D.
- 3. Map extract of Ilonga (Sheet 265/2) is provided.
- 4. Calculators, cellular phones and any unauthorized materials are **not** allowed in the examination room.
- 5. Write your **Examination Number** on every page of your answer booklet(s)



SECTION A (25 Marks)

Answer all questions in this section.

PHYSICAL AND MATHEMATICAL GEOGRAPHY

1.

(i)	Which of the following instruments is used to measure the maximum and minir temperature?							
	A	Barometer	В	Thermometer	С	Anemometer		
	D	Six's thermometer	E	Hydrometer.				
(ii)	Whic	h among the following	is an ex	trusive volcanic featur	e?			
	A	Crater	В	Laccolith	C	Batholith		
	D	Sills	E	Dykes.				
(iii)	One of the factors for soil formation is							
	A	organic matters	В	mineral matters.	C	tim.		
	D	water.	E	air.				
(iv)	The 1	ayer of the atmosphere	which is	s nearer to the earth's s	surface is	called		
	A	troposphere	В	stratosphere	C	hydrosphere		
	D	mesosphere	E	thermosphere.				
(v)	Whic	h among the following	g is a h	neavenly body that po	ossesses a	and transmits its		
	A	Moon	В	Sun	C	Earth		
	D	Asteroid	E	Planet.				
(vi)	A region which consists of thick forests, tree dwellers and people who engage in cultivation of rubber, cocoa, bananas and oil palms is known as							
	A	Tropical savanna		B Tr	opical mo	nsoon		
	C	Polar climate		D Me	editerrane	an		
	Е	Equatorial.						
(vii)		Equatorial. strument used to detern	nine Ma	gnetic North is called				
(vii)		•	nine Ma B	gnetic North is called Compass.	C	Thermometer		
(vii)	An in	strument used to detern		_	С	Thermometer		
(vii)	An in A D	strument used to detern Stevenson screen.	B E	Compass. Barometer.		Thermometer		
	An in A D	strument used to detern Stevenson screen. Hygrometer.	B E	Compass. Barometer.		Thermometer Hydrolysis		

. ,	Α	Geo, wave cu	t platform and s	tack				
	В	Blow hole, se	a arch and levee	2				
	C	Sea arch, beac						
	D	Beach, spit an						
	E	Tombolo, mea	ander and cliff.					
(x)		e scale of a map m on a map?	is 1:50,000, wh	at will be the actua	al gr	ound d	istance of a river w	/ith
	A	9 km	В	2 km		С	4 km	
	D	18 km	E E	1 km.		C	7 KIII	
			_					
	ng the l			of rocks in List A vonse beside the iter				•
		I	List A				List B	
(i)	Rocks formed when magma solidifies deep in the crust and can be exposed on the surface by agents of erosion.				A	Cryst	alline rocks	
					В	B Igneous rocks		
(ii)	Rocks formed when molten magma cools and solidifies inside the rocks of the earth or on the surface of the earth. Rocks formed as results of deposition and compaction of remains of dead plants and animals.					Organ	nic sedimentary roo	ks
						Intrus	sive volcanic rocks	
(iii)						Extru	sive volcanic rocks	3
						Metai	morphic rocks	
(iv)	Rocks formed when different types of rocks are subjected to great heat and pressure.				G	Sedin	nentary rocks	
(v)	Rocks	formed when sed sind or ice.		osited either by				
(a)	Defi (i) (ii) (iii)	ne the following t Distributaries Lagoon. Levee.			1			

Delta is formed under different conditions. Outline three conditions necessary for its

Which among the following features are produced by wave erosion?

(ix)

2.

3.

(b)

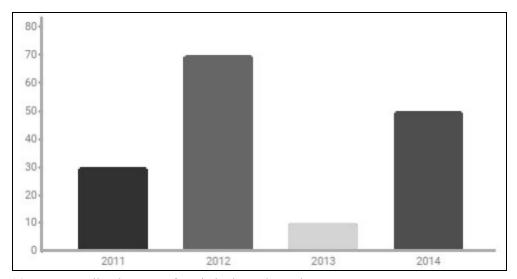
formation.

SECTION B (27 Marks)

Answer all questions this section.

<u>APPLICATION OF STATISTICS, INTRODUCTION TO RESEARCH AND ELEMENTARY SURVEYING</u>

4. Carefully study the following statistical graph showing coffee production (in tonnes) in Tanzania, from 2011 to 2014 and answer the questions that follows:



- (a) Describe the type of statistical graph used.
- (b) Analyse the five procedures involved in constructing such a statistical graph.
- (c) Giving two points, comment on the differences in coffee production shown in the graph.
- (d) Give three advantages of presenting data by using the type of graph described in 4(a).
- 5. (a) Give three differences between interview and observation.
 - (b) Outline four merits of library research.
- 6. Explain five importance of survey in daily life.

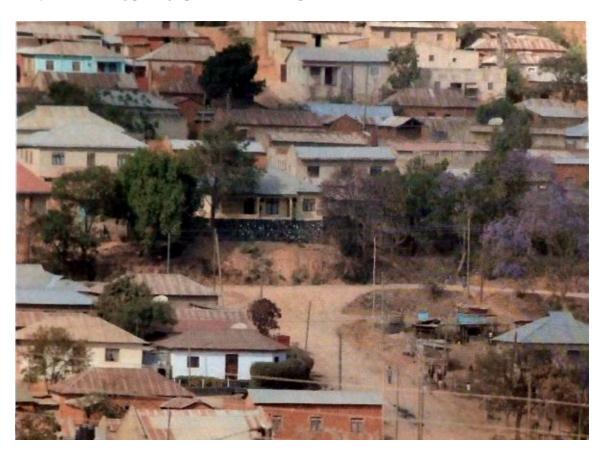
SECTION C (28 Marks)

Answer **all** questions in this section.

MAP READING AND PHOTOGRAPH INTERPRETATION

- 7. Study the map extract of Ilonga (Sheet 265/2) and answer the following questions:
 - (a) By using square method, determine the area North western of Luhombero river from grid reference 570963 to 644034.
 - (b) With evidence from the map, name six symbols which have been used to interpret a given map.
 - (c) Give the direction of Iputi to Ilonga.
 - (d) Describe the settlement pattern of the mapped are.
 - (e) Giving evidences, mention five possible economic activities which might take place in the mapped area.

8. Study the following photograph and answer the questions that follow:



- (a) Giving two reasons, name the type of photograph.
- (b) Suggest the type of settlement pattern and give one factor that has influenced it.
- (c) Suggest two economic activities that might take place in the area.
- (d) Provide three advantages of photographs over map.

SECTION D (20 Marks)

Answer **one** (1) question from each part.

PART 1: REGIONAL FOCAL STUDIES

- 9. Explain five factors which influence the distribution of natural forests in the world.
- 10. Analyse five ways of promoting textile industry in Tanzania.

PART II: ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES, POPULATION AND SETTLEMENTS

	1	1.	Describe seven	problems	associated	with ra	pid ur	banization.
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12. Examine seven effects of climatic change in the world.